LONDON'S TURBULENT MOBS.

FEARS OF AN OPEN BATTLE BETWEEN THE POLICE AND WORKINGMEN.

The Anarchistic Element Growling a the Deprivation of the Use of Trafaigar Square-The Awful Scenes at the Chicago Haymarket May Be peated in London.

LONDON, Nov. 14 .- It is safe to say that the socialists, the anarchists, the unemployed, the workingmen, and all who helped to make up the mob that attempted to force its way, or, rather, its various ways, into Trafalger Square yesterday are in a "state of mind," and that state of mind is by no means a tranquil one, either. The leaders are thoroughly roused, and in the socialistic and anarchistic retreats growls and mutterings that sound like the low thunder of an approaching storm are heard. Will there be a battle? Will Chicago's Hisymarket be repeated? And will the stern law be obliged to step in and put to silence some of the agitators' voices? These are the questions which London is pondering over now, and the present time seems ripe for a crisis of some sort. If troubl

ripe for a crisis of some sort. If trouble does come there will be no child's play about it, but it will be cruel and hard to the end. If the agitators will be temperate and follow Mr. Gladstone's advice, and regard what has already been done as a sufficient demonstration to raise a constitutional issue, yesterday's riot will be the last one of its kind.

On the other hand, if Mr. Bradlaugh, that free thinking commoner, and others like him do as they now propose more trouble and worse trouble will surely come. Unless the counsels of the grand old man prevail, who deprecates further meetings and strifes with the authorities, Mr. Bradlaugh and other leaders intend to meet again next Sunday, and make another attempt to defy the police. The police and soldiers would not again be so lenient as they were yesterday, and if the meeting does take place next Sunday it may certainly be expected that the riot act will be read, and then what bloody results will follow no one can tell.

A meeting of Land Leaguers was held at

what bloody results will follow no one can tell.

A meeting of Land Leaguers was held at Lisfarney Castle, Waterford, yesterday. The crowd was addressed by Mr. Pyne, for whose arrest a warrant has been issued. He defied the police to arrest him, saying he was fortified in his castle.

John Bright has written a letter protesting sgainst any land purchase act for Ireland. Detectives traced Mr. Cox, M. P., to Kildere, but he escaped in a small boat and took refuge on an island.

Diplomatic relations between Roumania and Greece have been severed and the Rou-

and Greece have been severed and the Rou-manian minister at Athens has been re-called. A quarrel over the death of a per-son claimed by both countries caused the

rupture.

A committee of 780 influential citizens has been formed to receive Lord Hartington and Mr. Groschen on their visit to Dublin.

Limerick has been proclaimed under the

Limerick has been proclaimed under the climes act.

A reception was given to Mgr. Persico at Conlific College, Dublin, to-day, An address was presented on behalf of the clergy and municipal council.

The Times hopes the leaders of the rioting at Trafalgar Square will receive exemplary punishment.

Several of yesterday's rioters were fined and others sent to imprisonment from four to six months by the police court this morning.

Four thousand Mollahs at Bokhare have riscu.in insurrection against the building of a Russian school. The leader and forty followers have been arrested.

The Freeman's Journal says the clothes offered O'Brien were of bine material, and were unlike the ordinary prison garb. Dr. Moorhead says O'Brien has been coughing violently. He complains of a breach of faith by the jailors in removing his clothes.

Lord Salisbury, after an interview with Home Secretary Matthews to-day, sent to Sir Charles Warren the thanks of the government for his admirable plans to suppress a disturbance in Trafalgar Square yesterday.

In response to numerous offers Mr. Matthews proposes to enroll bouseholders as special constables to assist the police against the mob if rioting is threatened on

next Sunday.

Mr. Bradlaugh, M. P., had written a letter protesting against the prohibition of meetings in Trafaigar Square. He denounces what he calls the bratal conduct of the government, but he appeals to workmen to leave the right of holding public meetings to the law courts and the vindication of parliament. His advice, combined with that of Mr. Gladatone, will be potent with the radical clubs. Already the feeling among these clubs is that enough has been done to test the question.

The Princess of Wales and her children will arrive in London on Saturday, leaving Fredensborg on Thursday in the royal yacht direct for Queenborough, where the Prince of Wales will await them.

In reply to an inquiry directed to him Gladatone says the question of the right of the unemployed to assemble in Trafaigar Square is one of grave importance. He, however, thinks that it is the duty of every citizen to refrain from all resistance until the law has been duly tested.

An intermediate passenger by the steamer State of Indiana named Charles Cowatsch, alias Ranover, was arrested to-day at Greenock for having in his possession four dynamite cartridges, each seven inches long by one in diameter, and a guita-percha tube eighteen inches long, with copper caps attached. He refused to answer questions.

The queen has appointed the Duke of Norfolk special envoy to thank the pope for sending Mgr. Sellla to London on the cecasion of her jubilee. The duke will start for Rome early in December.

Sir Michael Ricks-Beach, in a speech at Bristol to-night, hinted that he would resume official work at an early date. He praised Mr. Bailour for the manner in which he had performed the daties of an onerous office. He condemned the Gladstonians for countenancing the agitation in Ireland. If they had acted otherwise, he next Sunday.

Mr. Bradlaugh, M. P., had written a let-

onerous office. He condemned the diadstonians for countenancing the agitation in
Ireland. If they had acted otherwise, he
said, the crimes act would not have been
needed. He deprecated any hasty decision
regarding the land purchase act, and advocated a policy in accordance with Mr.
Bright's suggestion that the transfer
of land to tenants may be made
under the Ashbourne act. He asked
why the Gladstenians supported the plan
of campaign when the recent land bill conceded more to Irish tenants than Mr. Gladstone had ever offered, and he answered the
question by asserting that their action was
to the fact that the Irish now expected
to get the land for nothing. This idea, he
eald, must be eradicated and the supremacy
of the law be enforced.

THE CROWN PRINCE'S CONDITION.

The chown prince's condition.

Berlin, Nov. 14.—After the emperor received Dr. Schmidt yesterday a medical conference was ordered at the palace. There were present the physicians of the household, with Drs. Wegener, Bergmann, Gerhardt, Toboldt, and Schmidt. Count von Stolberg, the minister of the household, presided. A paper was unanimously signed declaring that the throat affection of the crown prince is cancerous, and that pattial removal of the larynx is no longer advisable. Complete excision of the larynx is referred to as recommended by the physicians at San Remo, but in the meantime objected to by the crown prince. The emperor afterward received THE CHOWN PRINCE'S CONDITION. the meantime objected to by the crown prince. The emperor afterward received Court von Stolberg and Dr. Schmidt, and asked that the crown prince return to Berlin at the scoucest possible moment. The crown princess replied, objecting to her husband traveling in his present condition. It is reported that the crown prince is now more willing to submit to an early operation. To day the emperor, after an interview with Prince William, held a family council, which was attended by Prince

council, which was attended by Prince William and bis wife and Prince Henry and Princes Charlotte. In the afternoon the the emperor was actively at work. He heard reports on important matters presented by Gen. Albedyll, Privy Counsellor Willmouski, and Count von Stolberg.

A dispatch from San Remo says: The

erown prince's physicians have advised their patient to remain quiet and to take only gentle exercise. The balmy air of San Remo is considered to be highly beneficial to the prince, and he will accordingly remain here. The operation has been fudefinitely postporsed. Dr. Mackenzie will probably go to Berlin to have an Interview with Emperor William.

It is reported that the crown prince, on being approached on the subject of the proposed Operation on his throat, said: "As long as the kaiser lives I shall not submit to the operation. I prefer to let my old father have some hope, and I will not risk hastening a catestrophe by undergoing a dangerous operation."

San Remo, Nov. 14.—Before leaving for London to-day Dr. Mackenzie reported that the cancerous growth in the crown prince's throat was still very small. He denied the statement that the trouble was due to excessive smoking, and concurs in the doctrine that the germ of cancer is born with the individual. The growth as yet does not impede respiration. The crown prince has definitely stated that if he decides to submit to an operation only Dr. Mackenzie will perform it.

The pope has written to the Crown Prince Frederick William a letter expressing his earnest wishes for the prince's recovery.

Prof. Schroetter states that the crown prince may live four or five years after the operation of trachectomy.

The empress has returned to Berlin, and will greet the czar if her health will permit. The empress has returned to Berlin, and will greet the czar if her health will permit. The empress has returned to Berlin, and will greet the czar if her health will permit.

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M. WILSON TO BE PROSECUTED. M. Wilson to be Passactrian.

PARIS, Nov. 14.—The National, Temps, and Liberte announce that the preliminary examination in the case of M. Wilson has resulted in a demand for his prosecution. The statement has created a sonsation in the legislative chambers, as it is considered to involve the resignation of President Greyy.

to involve the resignation of President Grevy.

Three of the persons charged with connection with the Legion of Honor decoration scandal have been convicted. Gen. D. Andlau has been sentenced to prison for five years and to pay a fine of 3,000 francs and to be deprived of all civil and political rights. Mme. Ratazzi has been sentenced to thirteen months and to pay a fine of 2,000 francs. Mme. Courtelli has been sentenced to two months in prison.

Gen. Boulanger has been released, and is at the Hotel Louvre. He avoided public notice.

notice.

Hant Rochetort produced evidence before the M. Wilson commission abowing that he had received large bribes from the family of Baron de Seilliero, whose committal to the insane asylum recently created contraction.

mittal to the insane asylum recently created a sensation.

M. Laurent, of the Paris, appeared to day before the commission which is investigating the Wilson affair. He declared that the proofs existed that M. Wilson, acting in concert with Gen. d'Andlau, procured a decoration for a large agriculturist for \$0,000 francs. The commission ordered the seizure of the documents referred to.

The Siecle publishes documents showing that Leon Grevy, the nephew of the president, offered to procure a position on the Credit Fonder for a retired notary, M. Grougean, for 15,000 francs. The notary paid the money, but failed to obtain the position. He brought an action against Leon Grevy to recover the money, but the matter was settled before it came into court.

SUICIDE WITH DYNAMITE.

The Frightful Manner of Death Choses

by Anarchist Lings.
CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—It has been settled
that Louis Lings killed bimself with a dynamite bomb and not a fulminating cap, as was at first supposed. His cell was given a thorough overhauling to day for the first time since his suicide in order to put it in time since his suicide in order to put it in abape for other prisoners. During the search shattered pieces of gas pipe were found, showing conclusively that Lingg had exploded a dynamite bomb in his mouth and not a fulminating cap. One of these pieces is over an inch long, and appears to have been torn longitudinally from a larger piece by an explosion. The remnant it in the possession of Sheriff Matson, who keeps it as a souveniof the most desperate man ever under his

of the most desperate many charge.

The condition of the walls of Lingg's cell also bear out the theory that a bomb was used by him. Large piezes of the solid masonry are broken off by the force of the missles of which the bomb was made.

How the bomb got into his possession seems as much a mystery asever. The suspenses are made and of the seems as much a mystery asever. seems as much a mystery as ever. The sus-picion that was at first directed to one of the deputies on guard is now no longer thought of. It is generally believed that Lingg had it in his possession at the time Lings had it in his possession at the time the other four were found and had it secreted in his hair, a thing he could very easily do, as his hair was over six inches long and very thick. It is the opinion of the jail officials that all the bombs were passed through the fron casing by some out-side friends, although he may have filled them himself in his cell.

MASSACHUSETTS SOCIALISTS. They Howl for Revenge for the Execu-

NORTH ADAMS, MASS., Nov. 14 .- The socialistic element among the German popmoval of some mill operatives from that community. Herrmann Hall was occupied yesterday afternoon and evening by a small party of German socialists, who were harrangued, in German by a few of their number, and the deeds of violences for which the Chicago anarchists were hanged were loudly applauded. The following resolutions were written in execrable German:

ADAIN, MASS., NOV. IS.—TO OUR COMPANIONS, BYIELDEN, ECHWAI, FARSONS, FISCHER, LINGO, AND EXORE: The Workingmen's Socialistic Society of Adams, Mass, at a special meeting heid this day, resolved unauimously that we all sympathize with you and condexan severely the misconstruction of the laws and they who unjustly execute them. May just punishment for their class instantity overtake them. We pledge ourselves, as men of liberty, to carry on the fight until the oppressed nation is freed from the bloodthirsty hyenas known as the capitalists. The courage with which you look death in the eye for the cause of freedom is a source of pride to us. We accompany you in deepest mourning on your last journey, and hope that from your blood freedom for all mankind may arise.

Your sorrowing companions, yesterday afternoon and evening by a small

Boot and Shoe Men to Organize. New York, Nov. 14.—At the request of the eading Cincinnati shoe and leather firms leading Cincinnati shoe and leather firms a meeting of the manufacturers was held at 168 Church street to-day for the purpose of arranging the preliminaries for a meeting to be held on the 22d instant, with the object of instituing new life in the old National Boot and Ehoe Manufacturers' Association of the United States. The meeting, which was largely attended, was presided over by J. H. Bauhision, O Newark, N. J., and Mr. Jackman, of Nyack, N. Y., was secretary.

Alabama Anarchists Want Revenge Alabama Anarchists want Revenge.
Birningham, Ala., Nov. 14.—About thirty
anarchists held a meeting last night in the
room of a German saloon keeper. The hanging of their friends in Chicago was discussed
and characterized as judicial murder, and the
sentiment of the meeting was for revenge.
The apseches made were described as "red
hot." The meeting was secret, and only anarchists were admitted.

The Richmond Short of Coal. NEWPORY, R. I., Nov. 14,—The United Stategahip Richmond sailed this afternoon i lew York for coal. She will proceed most of

Pursuing the Defaulter. St. Louis, Nov. 14.-Cashier Crecilitus applied for release on his own recognizance or the new charge. The application was decied Examiner Forman says he will have him rear rested every time he secures his release.

A General Slaughter.
Victoria, B. C., Nov. 14.—In a drunken quarrel Saturday tilght a man named McLean snot and killed two Indians. McLean was afterward killed by the Indians.

TALKING FOR LIBERTY. ARGUMENTS IN THE VIRGINIA HABEAS

> Ex-Senator Conkling Pronounces th Arrest Illegal-Prosecutors Not Tax-payers But Speculators-Representatives of the Bond Holders Contend

That the Law is Valld.

The United States Supreme Court chamber was yesterday again crowded with attorneys and speciators, who remained until the close of the session, and doubtless felt themselves amply repaid for the pressure and fatigue endured. It was the day set for the hearing of the Virginia habese corpus cases of Attorney General Ayres, of that state, and Attorneys Scott and McCabe, two of the commonwealth's county attor-neys. In addition to the importance of the case, the Hon. Roscoe Conkling, of New York, was expected to make the main argument in behalf of the petitioners, and the knowledge of that gentleman's legal ability had much to do with drawing the large audience to the court room. It was near noon and a few minutes before the court convened that the ex-senator was seen to enter the chamber. He moved with an easy, natural gait, and scarcely had gotten within the bar ere he was surrounded and

welcomed by many attorneys and friends, both political parties being well representation of the political parties being well representation of the political parties being well representation of the political parties being a little beavier than formerly. He were a black suit, the coat, a Frince Albert, buttoned scross the chest. His necktie was a silk carf tied in a plain bow with the ends etclinding to each side, and but partially concerning a triangle of snow white shirt front. Little and the properties of the control of the

The relief which is sought is simply the The relief which is sought is simply the prevention of a threatened wrong—not the compelling of the doing of any act, or the control to any extent of the fiscal affairs of the state, nor any interference whatever with the political functions of the state.

The suit is not a suit against the state, within any of the definitions or principles stated in the decisions of this court heretofore.

The case is completely covered by the two great cases of Osborn vs. Bank and Polodexter vs. Greenhow.

The succession of human events seldom presents two cases more nearly identical in principle than Osborn vs. Bank and the present case—an identity stronger and more controlling than any identity of mere facts—and on the authority of that case we rest this.

rest this.

The closing argument was made by Mr. John Randolph Tucker in behalf of the petitioners and the atate. He contended that this was in fact a suit against the state and that, as such, it was by virtue of the

eleventh amendment of the constitution null and void. He reviewed carefully and in detail the history of the adoption of the eleventh amendment and declared that that amendment "was an authoritative interpretation of the original constitution. It was an imperative mandate to the judiciary not to construe their jurisdiction so as to entertain suits against states. It was a recoil from such a construction in the interests of the immunity of a member of the Union from being impleaded in a federal court by any person whatever.

"It should be interpreted in favor of the immunity, and to defeat every device which would destroy or impair it. The court should not see how near an approach a suit may take to the fences which constitute the immunity, but how far it may keep away, lest it trench upon the sovereignty of the state. Devices which do not assail directly, but which furtively and adroitly avoid the thing forbidden in form, but do the thing substantially and in effect, must be condemned as contrary to its true purpose and meaning."

"We hold," he said, "that this is an in-

demned as contrary to its true purpose and meaning."

"We hold," he said, "that this is an injunction against the state in fact, because it destroys an essential function of state autonomy—the power to sue its debtor in its own court and by its own officers. It imprisons them for asserting her right as her law officers. In suing her executive officer, the attorney general, you sue her—you enjoin her. Where the mind and will of the state (the invisible sovereignty) operate through the mind and will and according to the discretion of its officers they are the state and must be so held or the eleventh amendment means nothing." Mr. Tucker was still speaking when the court, at a o'clock, adjourned.

DR. PARKER'S IDEAS.

He Speaks Plainly at the Chicago Min-Isters' Meeting. CHICAGO, Nov. 14 -The Rev. Dr. Joseph Parker, of the City Temple, London, was present to-day at the regular Monday meet-ing of the Congregational ministers, and the attendance was larger than usual, in auticiing of the Congregational ministers, and the attendance was larger than usual, in anticipation of the distinguished orator's coming.

Dr. Parker was introduced to the meeting. He suggested that it might be well to hold a conference in Chicago, and that the conference in Chicago, and that the conference should be conducted upon the freest possible lines, and that discussion from every point of view should be encouraged. He said: "If in evangelical preaching we are wrong, by all means let us know it. If any men has a larger wisdom or a truer method of meeting the necessities of the age, I for one am quite prepared to extinguish my little lamp and to let in his foller sunshine. All we should aim at is to be right, and to be doing the largest amount of good. This is the spirit in which I wish to work. During my intermission of pastoral labor I have had occasion to hear ministers of various churches, and my testimony is that when I enter a church where they do not pray, but simply 'aspire;' where they do not pray, but simply 'aspire;' where they have no doctrine, but only theory; where they displace historical Christianity by the 'unconditioned infinite' and by some reference to the 'circumambent invisible,' and where all the words are polysyllables. I find a sad lack of active charity as embodied in Sunday schools. Dorcas societies, sick visiting societies, and carnest philanthropic work among the poor and outcast. But where I find that the cross of Christ is first, midst, and last, I find the people stirred with a holy ambition to make the world better than they found it. Any religion that will do that is the religion by which I would dare to die."

GUILTY OF LARCENY.

A Noted Confidence Woman Who

Naw York, Nov. 14.-Mrs. Emma L. Hudson, whose numerous confidence operations have made her well known to th police, and who attempted suicide a short time ago, was arraigned in the general sessions to day on a charge of grand larceny. She purchased dry goods in several large stores, gave the names of well-known persons, to whom the bills were sent, and disappeared with the goods. Her counsel claimed she was losane. He said she belonged to a first-class Maryland family and after becoming a widow practised medicine in Boston, where she was deceived by a clergyman. This drove her to the use of morphine and affected her mind. Two physicians pronounced her sane. A plea of petit larceny was finally accepted and she will be sentenced next Friday. large stores, gave the names of well-known

DICKINSON'S DEMAND.

He Will Go Into the Cabinet if Unan mously Confirmed. DETROIT, MICH., Nov. 14 .- Don M. Dick eson to-day sent a dispatch to the Pres dent saying that he would accept the post office portfolio if the Senate would unani mously confirm him, otherwise he would not. Senator T. W. Palmersays he has no doubt that the Senate will unanimously confirm the nomination.

BIG FIRE IN BROOKLYN. A Horse Railroad Stable With 157

Horses Burned. BROOKLYN, Nov. 14.-The station of th Prospect Park and Coney Island railroad and the stables of the Vanderbilt Avenue Horse Car line, with a large quantity of feed and rolling stock and 157 horses, were burned to-night, causing a loss of over \$200,000, which is well covered by insur-

A QUEER LAWSUIT.

Mandamusing a Mining Company to Produce Entombed Miners' Bodies. WILKES-BARRE, PA., Nov. 14 .- William Kipler and wife et al. have requested mandamus from the court, ordering the Sus bodies of twenty-six miners entombed in the mine at Nanticoke, Dec. 18, 1885. Should the order be granted it will involve an expenditure of \$250,000 to the company.

President Slanco Mulcted. New York, Nov. 14.—Judge Freedman to-day gave judgment by default against Guzmar Blanco, president of Venezuela, in a sul Blanco, president of Venezuela, in a suit brought by George Wilson, a stockholder in the Manoa Company. It was alleged that Blanco conspired and secured the revocation of agrant of 7,000,000 acres of land made to Cyrenius C. Pitagerald to hold for ninety-nine years. Fitagerald and the Manoa Company had possession when the grant was revoked in 1886. The amount of the judgment will be fixed by a jury. Wilson asked for \$2,181,000.

War on Sunday Newspapers. PITTERUES, Nov. 14.—At a meeting of Pres-byterian ministers to-day resolutions were unanimously adopted denouncing Sunday nuanmously adopted occording squark their pub-lication, sale, and reading on the Sabbath day also, entreating all lovers of social order and the Sabbath to windraw their paronage from such papers, and threatening to appeal to the authorities to have them suppressed. The resolutions were then sent to the ministers of other churches with a request that similar action be taken.

Mrs. Potter in "Loyal Love." New York, Nov. 14.—Mrs. James Brown Potter's first appearance in another new play attracted a full house to-night at the Fifth Ayenue Theater. The motive of Ross Neat's remantic drains, "Loyal Love," afforded a fine opportunity for Mrs. Petter to display her powers. There were some situations in which she was quite effective, and she received the hearty applicate of her friends.

Clara Louise Kellogg's Marriage. ELEMAN, IND., Nov. 14.—Carl/ Strakosch. the advance sgeut of Clara Louise Kellogg has acknowledged that he was married to Mis Kellogg by Rev. Franklin W. Adams Nov. 0.

Suiciding by Cremation. Boston, Nov. 14.—Mildred Taylor, a negress, aged 30, yesterday saturated her clothes with kerosene and then fired them. She was herci-bly burned and will die.

THE PANAMA CANAL COMPANY. Its Financial Situation Involved and

Seriously Alarming. PANAMA, Nov. 6 .- Senor Armero, agent of the Colombian government on the isthmus respecting canal affairs, has recently com pleted his report on the canal. Senor Armero commences by saying: "I have carefully travelled over the whole line, have formed an opinion respecting the work, and am now in possession of correct data as to the technical and practical work of the canal. The annual reports presented by Count de Lesseps to the shareholders are the only official and reliable documents within the reach of the public, but whether it be from the concise terms in which these are couched, or the fact that they are intended to inspire the shareholders with greater confidence in the canal, they are partial in their character and are not so precise as one would desire. Neither, in my opinion, do they furnish an exact idea of the situation. On the other hand, the writings of the passimists and detractors of the undertaking are exaggerated in an inverse sense and are worthy of no credit whatever. It appears to me that no one is better able than the agent of the Colombian government to speak respecting the work, and this is the mission, in my character as government agent, which I endeavor to execute in the report I now present."

Senor Franco Armero, after thus introducing the subject matter, aliudes to the continual changes which have taken place formed an opinion respecting the work, and

agent, which I endeavor to execute in the report I now present."

Senor Franco Armero, after thus introducing the subject matter, alludes to the continual changes which have taken place in the central department of the canal and the changes of site and systems followed in the main office on the lathmus, which have led, he claims, to much unnecessary expense and frequent disputes, and he then proceeds to say:

According to the plans the number of cubic meters to be excavated in order to copen transit was 143,000,000, and to these figures must be added the quantity of earth to be moved in order to lead off the waters of the Chagres, Obispo, and Rio Grander rivers, which amounts to 18,000,000 cubic meters, making the total excavations smount to 161,000,000 cubic meters, and as the amount taken out up to the end of August of the present year was 33,923,930 cubic meters, according to the figures of the company, there yet remains 197,074, 770 cubic meters a coording to the figures of the company, there yet remains 197,074, 770 cubic meters a coording to the figures of the company, there yet remains 197,074, 770 cubic meters according to the figures of the calculations on these figures the total cost of the canal would become fabulous, and it would probably never be finished. But this is not the way to calculate. We have to look at the coalty preliminary works, the purchase of the railroad, the immense amounts of materials which had to be collected, and the purchase and erection of buildings, all of which were expenses which had to be the rin order that a work should progress which is, perhaps, the most important and colossal of modern or ancient times. Thus the expense of work has progressed, and only when it shall have been completed shall we be able to determine the medium cast of all the excavations. I may add that already the upper and easier work has been executed, and that greater difficulties will be encountered in working as the tide level is approached and the sea company will find it difficult to obtain the

FEMALE ANARCHISTS.

They Want to Incite a Man to Make

Bombs and Are Arrested. CHICAGO, Nov. 14 .- "I have no use for a man who is too big a coward to make bombs to kill the police. If you won't make bombs I'll leave you." This was what Mrs. Clara Paceb, of No. 1010 Vanhorn streetaid, with all the violence of a virage, to her husband, Rudolph, on Sunday night. At the same time Miss Johanna Oppitz, Ruthe same time Miss Johanna Oppitz, Rudolph's sister-in-law, dashed a bucket of
water in his face, and old man Oppitz
joined in the melee and caught his son-inlaw by the neck. Rudolph swore he would
not make bombs to please his annarchist
wife and her family; that he was a lawabiding citizen; that he was no coward, and
no anarchist. He would not stand more
shuse from them, so he appeared before
Justice C. J. White's police court to day
and obtained warrants for the three, charging his sister in law with assault and the
others with disorderly conduct. They were others with disorderly conduct. They arrested and held in bail of \$200 each.

ACCIDENT TO SENATOR VANCE. Ibrown From His Carriage and Injured About His Head.

ASHEVILE, N. C., Nov. 14 .- Saturday afternoon Senator Vance, while riding in a road wagon on a narrow road leading to his residence near Block mountain, was thrown out, and, falling on his head, rethrown out, and, falling on his head, re-ceived a cut about three inches long reach-ing to the bone. Dr. John A. Watson, of Asheville, was summoned by telegraph and reached the senator early Sunday morating. He dressed the wound and left him in a satisfactory condition. The injury, though severe, is not dangerous.

The call extended by the Thirteenth Street Baptist Church, of this city, to Rev. Chas. A. Stakley, the present pastor of the Citadel Square Church, of Charleston, S. C., has been accepted. Dr. Stakley will enter on his new work the first of the coming mouth. The congregation is to be congratulated that the pulpit so long vacant will be filled at this early date.

A Baltimore Suicide. Baltimore, Nov. 14.—John S. Cramp, a ship carpenter, from Philadelphia, committed sui-cide last night by inhaling illuminating gas. He was found dead in bed this morning at his boarding house in South Haltimore, with a full bead of gas issuing from the burner. His clothing had been carefully placed on a chair, and all the surroundings indicated suicide, pomestic trouble is supposed to have led to the ending of his life.

Fielden and Schwab in Prison. JOLIET, ILL., Nov. 14.—Michael Schwab and Samuel Fielden, the anarchists, were taken cannot receive, the amorains, were taken out of court solitary this morning looking hearty and bright, and were put to work. Schwab was put in the convict kitchen, where his work will be to help peel potatoes, chop hash, and prepare the convicts food. Fielden was assigned to the stone department.

Broker Hatch Suspends. New York, Nov. 14.—The suspension of A S. Hatch was suncunced in the stock exchange shortly after 2 o'clock this afternoon. Mr Hatch was once president of the stock ex-change, and for many years a member of tha firm of Fisk & Hatch. He was short of Read-ing, and the boom in that stock forced him to the wall. Dynamite Bomb Found.

PERU, IND., Nov. 14.—The station agent of the Chicago and Atlantic railroad at Rochester

vesterday, discovered a dynamite bomb in

freight car. The bomb was made of a piece of gas pipe, with fuse in one end and cartridge in the other. The dangerous missile was handed to the police. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 14 .- At the inquest o e body of Gustave J. Sneller, who was found

crushed in, sufficient evidence was developed to hold John Dungan as principal, and Carrie Graham as accessary to the murder. An Express Employe Skips Out. Sr. Paul, Minn., Nov. 14.—John H. Webber a young man who who has been employed by

the Northern Pacific Express Company, he disappeared. He is supposed to be a defaulte Big Fire in a Kansas Town. HAYESVILLE, KAN., Nov. 14.—Several buildings were destroyed by a fire started by thieves last evening. 120s, \$20,000.

REVISING BASE BALL RULES

THE FOUR-STRIKE NONSENSE TO BE

The Joint Committee of Both Associa tions in Session at Pittsburg, and Soveral Sensible Suggestions Made and Adopted-Racing Matters of Interest

Pirrisauno, Nov. 14.-The joint committee of the National League and American Association on the revision of the base ball rules met at the Hotel Anderson, in his city, at 10:30 o'clock this morning. The League representatives are Messrs. Spalding, Chicago; Day, New York, and Scandrett, of Pittaburg, the latter representing Rogers, of Philadelphia. Those of the American Association are Phelps, Louisville; Williams, Cleveland.

and Barnie, of Baltimore. The committee organized by the election of C. A. Phelps chairman and Messrs. Scandrett and Williams secretaries.

A resolution was adopted that the question of the advisability of each club having one or more extra men in uniform, in order that they may be introduced into the game at any time, be referred to the annual meetings of the two organizations for discussion.

meetings of the two organizations for discussion.

The object of the amendment is to prevent players from sulking on the field.

The afternoon session lasted until late
this evening. After adjournment the
committee announced that they had agreed
upon the following changes in the rules:

Rule 22, section 3, referring to score
cards, has been amended so that any contemplated changes in tenus after the publication of the score card must be submitted
to the umpire for his approval.

Rule 47 relating to batsmen has been
changed as follows:

If on the third strike the ball hits the
person or clothing of the batsman he shall
be declared out; also, after two strikes has
been called, if the batsman attempts to
make a foul hit, he shall be declared out.

Rule 4 has been changed from four strikes
and five balls to three strikes and five balls.

The rule allowing a base lift on five balls
has been abolished, but, at the suggestion
of Fresident Day, five balls will still be considered a factor in earned runs. A base on
ball will be credited against the pitcher in
the error column.

Rule 50, section 4, has been amended al-

sidered a factor in earned runs. A base on ball will be credited against the pitcher in the error column.

Rule 50, section 4, has been amended allowing a ranner to take a base if the ball lits the umpire.

If the ball struck by the bataman hits a base runner after an attempt has been made to "field" it, the runner shall not be declared out.

If a base runner knocks down or runs into a fielder he shall be declared out.

A resolution was adopted providing for the appointment of a representative from each association to prepare an official report of the changes to send to their representative organizations.

RESULIS OF YESTERDAY'S RACES.

NEW YORK, NOV. 14.—The first race at Clifton, five-eighths of a mile, was won by High-land Mary, St. Clair second, Figaro third. Time, 1.05½.

Second race—One mile. Peter L won, Gold Bond second, quincy third. Time, 1.90.

Third race—Three-quarters of a mile. Bass Viol won, Joe Mitchell second, Falsehood third. Time, 1.23.

Fifth race—Three quarters of a mile. Bass Viol won, Lord Beaconsied second, Hannibal third. Time, 1.23.

Fifth race—Three quarters of a mile. Bass Viol won, Lord Beaconsied second, Hannibal third. Time, 1.23.

The probablestartors, weights, and distances for the races at Guttenburg to-day are as fol-

The probable starters, weights, and distance for the races at Guttenburg to-day are as fol iows:
First race—Three-quarters of a mile—Harry, 115 pounds: Editor, 115: Standiford Keller, 116: Rosette, 115: John Alexander, 115: Frier, 115: Richield, 115: Hattledore, 116: Iştton, 116: Fegin, 116: Treasurer, 116: Marauerite, 110: Miss Hampton, 87: Franz, 118: Vulcan, 118: Vulcan, 118.
Second race—Five-eighths of a mile, selling
Carle C, 97 pounds: Lisgardere, 102; Tocot,
115. Lemon, 103: Palatka, 104; Wilfred Jay, 103.
Third race—Sever-eighths of a mile—Neptinis, 166 pounds: Gilt, 106; Mooushine, 104;
Craftle, 104; Roy Boy, 104: Trade Dollar, 102;
Musk, 104; Veto, 108; Rostere, 108; Toner Pastor, 108; Minnie St. John, 102; Mink, 100; Regal,
110.

tor, 106; Minnie St. John, 102; Salas, 110.

Fourth race—One hille—Mute, 115 pounds; Big Head, 115; Melion, 115; Bazero, 115; Change, 115; St. Elmo, 115; George Augus, 115; Tention, 108; Commotion, 96; Gracle, 70.

Fifth race—Three-quarters of a mile—Guttenburg, 118 pounds; Nonsense, 118; Footprints, 118; Telegraph, 118; Tentivy, 118; Honnie Bouche, 118; Voucher, 118; Taitsman, 118; St. Luke, 118; Vindex, 118; Campbelt, 118; Taily rand, 118; Lyton, 118; Incommode, 118; Mary P filly, 114; Valor, 118; King Bird, 113; John Keys, 112; Landscer, 113; Godolphiu, 118; Henr Keyr, 113; Landseer, 113; Godolphin, 113; Hem George, 113; Alla Hu, 110.

TWO BOLD HIGHWAYMEN Stand Men Up and Rob Them on the

John T. Phillips and John P. Hall, claimng to be employes of the Baltimore and Potomac reliroad and residents of South Washington, met with an experience at 1 clock this morning that they will not creet for some time to come. They, in C street, and when between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets they were stopped by

two white men.
"Hold up," said the taller man, addressing Philips.
"What do you want?" was the reply. "What do you want?" was the reply.

"We are policemen, and you have got a pistol on you." And with this remak the man seized Phillips violently by the lappels of the overcoat and with such force that a top button was torn off, taking with it a piece of the coat.

"I have not a pistol," said Phillips, "and you have have no right to search me on the street, and I am not going to allow you to do it."

the street, and I am not going to allow you to do it."

A scuille took place between the men, during which the second man went through the pockets of Hall and his young companion. The latter offered realstance, and received a blow in return. The assailants, to intimidate the men, drew pistols and pointed the weapons in the faces of Phillips and Hall. Phillips made but little attempt at first to defend himself, as he thought that the assault was only a freak by some one who knew him, but when the party announced himself, as he policeman he did not care to resist. He thought, however, that both men were proceeding in a way that an officer would not undertake, and when his opponent began to search him he commenced to fight for his rights. The approach of footsteps must have alarmed the would be robbers, for they suddenly turned on their heels and field. Sergt. alarmed the would-be robbers, for they sud-denly turned on their heels and iled, Sergt. Boyle and Officers Ellis and iteller made a diligent search in the Division for the par-ties, but no trace of them could be found. Later it was discovered that Police Offi-cer Hearn and a companion were the as-sailants, and that the officers had stopped the men believing one of them to be the party who drew a pistol on a woman in that locality.

Anchor Lodge of Good Templars. At the regular meeting of Anchor Lodge of Good Templars held at St. George's Hall last evening the following trustees Hall last evening the following trustees were elected for the ensuing year: Brothers Caldwell, Hendricks, and Patterson. Brother T. C. Spurgeon explained the new unwritten work. Under the bead of the good of order the lodge was entertained by musical selections by Brother and Sister Patterson and Brother York and Sister Pelavergne, of Monumental Lodge. A bumorous reading was given by Sister Spurgeon, and recitations by Sister Angerer and Miss Mattie Hough.

Rev. G. F. Williams, rector of Christ Church, Navy Yard, will deliver a lecture on the chapel, on G, between Sixth and Seventh streets southeast, to-morrow evening at 7:30 o'clock. Subject: The relation of English reformation to Henry VIII—Henry not a Church of England man. This will be the last lecture in the series on the apostolic origir and independence of the Church of England.

THE RIPLES TEAM HAPPY. They Receive Their Medals as the Prize Winners.

Last night was a gala occasion for the National Rifles, and the whole company, with bosts of friends, enjoyed it to the utmost. At 8 o'clock the "boys in scarlet" formed in the armory and marched up to their ball, where the guests of the evening their hall, where the guests of the evening were anxiously awaiting their coming. When Capt. Opster, with a small detach-ment, entered he was greated cordially, but the great burst of applause was saved for the crack "drill team," commanded by Lieut. J. O. Manson, which came in a few

the great burst of applause was saved for the crack "drill team," commanded by Lieut. J. O. Manson, which came in a few moments after.

The team formed "company front," facing the stage and within a few feet of it, while the remainder of the command constituted a close corporation in the rear of the prize winners. Then Surg. George H. Shoulters and Corp. H. R. Simpson escorted Mr. Henry Wise Garnett to the platform and intrusted him to Capt. Oyster, who introduced him to the sudiences at the speaker of the evening—a member of the company. Mr. Garnett spoke of the soldier's calling and heroic deeds, and sati that of those who had carved their names on the tablet of fame the deepest and most lasting were those who had carved their names on the tablet of fame the deepest and most lasting were those who had carved their's with the sword. The career of the soldier was not yet ended, and an appeal to arms might come at any time. He lauded the citizen soldier who in time of peace contribures to the nation's prosperity, and when war rages is its best defender. The necessity for a national militia was shown, and the history of the Rifles' organization sketche's, their service during the rebellion being impressively dwelt upon. The National Dri'l and the success of the Rifles there received some attention from the speaker, and heconcluded by presenting to the victors the gold badges which had been purchased by the company out of the \$1,000 won by the team. Lieut. Manson was the first to be decorated, and the other recipients raceived the, medals in the following order: Li ut. Geo. W. Evans, Lieut. Wm. C. Keech, Sergt. Will P. Boteler, Sergt. Wills B. Magrader, Privates Rollers S. Domer, F. W. Burnett, Lewis Rolmes, W. T. Woodley, Charles H. Paige, Lae B. Mosher, Frank McDermott, Corp. Louis A. Dent, Corp. Thomas A. Garner, Privates Wm. Overteck and P. B. McLain, Corporal J. M. Wright, jr., Privates S. C. Stokes, Geo. A. Drury, Wm. G. Lown, Corporal J. M. Wright, jr., Privates S. C. Stokes, Geo. A. Drury, Wm. G. Lown, Cor

cient for us."

The company cheer—the racket—was then given by the escort for the team, and was repeated by the bemedaled boys, and then, in honor of Mr. Garnett, by the entire sommand, after which ranks were broken and darents companied.

mand, after which ranks were broken and dancing commenced.

The badge is of solid gold about the size of a half dollar, and is suspended by two chains from a har upon which is engraved the owner's name, and depending from a cross chain is the Rilles' monogram. On the obverse, in relief, is the figure of a soldier standing at parade rest on a drill ground on which is inscribed "National Drill, May, 1887;" in the background is an encomprene and in a semi-circle above the figure is the inscription "National Rilles Team." On the reverse is a representation of the national encampment with the Washington monument in the center. A red ribbon was the background of each badge? The officers' badges had crossed swords beneath the bar, and Lieut. Manson's decoration had three very pretty diamon's set in it.

GAY OF THE PROMENADE.

ome of Those Seen Riding and Walk-

The President shook hands with about wo hundred people in the East room yeserday. At 1:30 o'clock Senator Call party of political friends, tackled Mr. Dieveland for some favor, and were referred to a future interview for an answer.

Secretary Lamar was closeted with the Secretary Lamar was closeted with the President in the afternoon, and left the white house looking a trifle despondent. Connecticut avenue was gay in the after-noon with promenaders and carriages. The President and Mrs. Cleveland drove through at 4:30 o'clock. Mrs. Gen, Beale and Mrs. Wallsch were also out, and there were a number of village carts driven by their owners.

Wallsch were also out, and there were a number of village carts driven by their owners.

Mrs. Thomas Wilson kept open house, and was assisted Miss Wilson and Mrs. Robinsch, of Philadelphia, her sister, who is here on a visit.

The young ladies of the British legation were also at home to callers.

Mr. Augustus Heaton. the artist, Dr. and Mrs. Bartlett, Mrs. Kaufmann, Judge Knott, Miss Keenan, Mrs. Hitt, Miss Wallach, Mrs. Gen. Sheridan, M. Roustan, Miss Arthur, Mrs. A. Worthington, Mrs. Rear Admiral Roe, Mrs. Lyman Tiffany, and the Misses Tiffany, and Mr. and Mrs. Richard Nixon were some of those seen upon the promenade.

Representative and Mrs. John M. Glover had a son bors to them on Thursday night of last week, in the Emory house on Connecticut avenue. Mother and child are progressing favorably.

The Chinese minister will give the first of a series of gentlemen's dinner parties, at the legation, on Wednesday night, the 93d. Some twenty-four guests will be asked to dine; the event will be in honor of the empress's birthday, that falls on the 34th, our national Than segiving Day.

The British minister and Miss West gave a dinner party last evening at the legation. The guesta were the Baron and the Baroness Rosen, of the Russian legation; Mr. Beauclerck, the newly arrived secretary; Mr. Spring Rice, and the Misses Flora and Amelia West.

Mrs. Hitt has returned from a visit in New York city.

THE ANSWER PRESENTED. Col. Ludlow Replies to the Alternative

Writ of Mandamus. Engineer Commissioner Ludlow vesterday made answer to the alternative writ of mandamus in the case of Hannan against the District. He denies that the regulathe District. He denies that the regula-tions are made without authority of law; that they are not in restraint of trade, or ane unwarranted interference with Mr. Hennan. It is further denfed that the ne-titioner has compiled with the regulations entitling him to his permit or to the writ of mandamus. The answer sets forth the re-sponsibility devolving on plumbers and the necessity for the greatest skill in their line of workmaship. Several suits resulting of workmanship. Several suits resulting in heavy damages to the District have srisen through want of care and skill in this

Washington Saengerbund Ball. The opening ball of the Washington aengerbund was given last night at Edel's Hall, and if appearances were not decep Hall, and if appearances were not deceptive it was a success. Donch's orchestra furnished the provocation for the dances, and everybody seemed to be thoroughly in accord with everybody else. The floor was a pretty sight with its crowd of terpsichoreans, and the wall flowers were not by any means numerous. President schultze and Secretary Lepper, assisted by the various committees, had looked after the arrangements, and the result was most satisfactory.

For the District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia—Generally fair weather, slightly coder, except in southern Virginia, stationary emperature, light to fresh westerly winds.

Thermometer readings; 7 a. m., 41 07; 3 p m., 53.6°; 10 p. m., 47.0°; mean temperature, 45.6°; maximum, 54.0°; minimum, 38.0°; mean relative humidity, 77.6°; total precipitation,

OFFICE SEEKERS, BEWARE!

THE SAD FATE OF A WOULD-BE GOV-

ERNMENT BANK EXAMINER Whose Ambition Carried Him Down the Toboggan Slide That Has No Terminus on Earth, and Caused Him

to Do Something Decidedly Wrong.

self and enters the go-as you please rush for office there is no knowing where he will bring up. He may stub his toe and fall by the way; fortune may possibly frown on him to such an extent that he will secure what he is whooping for, and thus make him miserable for the remainder of his exstence, or he may find some more profitable and less risky occupation. The latter was the lot of S. J. Friedenheimer, who up to the lot of S. J. Friedenheimer, who up to 1885 was a clerk in the Louisville offices of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company. He was a trustworthy, respectable man, and moved in very good society. A beautiful wife and three children graced his home, and there seemed to be but little in this life that could add to the happiness of S. J. F. But he had ambition, and, unfortunately, R. led him in the direction of "office," and loaded down with indorsements from the most prominent bankers and professional and business men of Louisville, he came to Washington to be a bank examiner. The lot of the average a bank examiner. The lot of the average office sceker was his, and after wearing out his patience and much of his clothing in the his patience and much of his clothing in the valuescarch he accepted a position as clerk to Jones & Co, the well known bookmakers, working some little time in New York for that firm, and then coming on to Washington to take charge of the pool-rooms in Callahan's restaurant, in the basement of the Marble building, at Ninth and the avenue. That was eight months ago, and up to last Thursday everything seemed to be well. On that day he made a be; for himself, of 30 to 30, and the wrong horse won; he promptly covered his loss by crasing the figures on the sheet and putting in their place 1 to 1. A bystander say the juggling and then the sheet tender had his attention directed to it, the result being that next morning there was a seauce in which atiention directed to it, the result being that next morning there was a seatce in which the proprietor, Ed. Jones, and Friedenbeimer actively participated. The accusation of theft was made and the offender, after a weak attempt to deny it, owned up, and was promptly and profanely notified to "get out." He obeyed with alscrity and after drawing \$1,200, which he had in bank, left for some far away clime. He was well known to many Louisville people, who now reside in this city, and considerable surprise was expressed at his downfall, while not a little sympathy was evidently felt for his wife and children.

Mrs. Friedenbeimer has vocal ability of a very high order, and latterly she has sung profusionally. She is a most estimable lady.

In the quiet, unobtrusive way for which they are noted, the police are on the look-out for the offender, the proprietors having concluded, after deliberation, to let the

concluded, after deliberation, to let the law shake him up a little.

The amount of money tost by the firm is known only to those directly interested, and one of the partners intimated last night that it might be as much as \$10,000. Numerous cases are now coming to the firm's notice where patrons have been cheated by the clerk out of money invested in chances on the track.

HONORS TO MAJ. URELL.

He Receives Merited Promotion in the

Second Battallon. Maj. Wm. G. Moore, in obedience to orders issued by Gen. Ordway, presided over a meeting of the officers of the 2d battalion a meeting of the officers of the 2d battailon of the National Guard at the Washington Light Lifantry armory last night. There were present Capt. M. E. Urell and L. uta. Fred Thomason and Dan V. Fenton, of company A. Lieuts. M. V. Brown ard J. T. Perseil, of company B, and Lieuts. J. A. Watson and J. E. Minnix, of company C. The only absente was Capt. Toulson, of company C. The presiding officer read special order No. 18, calling for the election and announcing his duties as presiding officer. The most prominent candidate was Capt. M. E. Urell, who was elected. This fact was officially made known to the new major, and he immediately wrote his acceptance.

The newly elected officer will shortly go before a board for examination. He is the first to be presented under the new regulations.

first to be presented under the new regula-tions. This board is constructed on the same plan as those in use for examining officers for promotion in the regular aervice. The candidate is put through a severe
ordes! to test his military ability and also
intellectual powers. The questions in tactics are generally known as the "block"
system. The officer is told to place an
insginary battalion in position and he is
then ordered to go through battalion drill,
and this he does without interruption or all
from the examiners. The members note
his method of drill and the manner of addressing the command. Gen. Ordway, in
establishing the board, did so with
the view of obtaining the very
best material for officers of the National
Guard. This statement is given for the
benefit of the members of the organization
and as a notice to those desiring promotion
to understand that it is only to be attained
by hard study and perseverance. The regulations governing the board are very exact
and the requirements of a character plainly
stating that hereafter a commission in the
District militia means something. When
the news of Maj. Urell's election became
known there was great rejoicing in the 94
betatilen, and last right he was the regular the news of Maj. Urell's election became known there was great rejoicing in the 21 battalion, and last night he was the recipient of congratulations from the members of the Grand Army and of the Irish American Club, of which bodies he is a favored member.

member.
The officers of the 3d battalion assem-The officers of the 3d battalion assembled at the armory of company A last night for lesson in ride practice. Maj. Pollard, inspector general of rifle practice, gave them an hour of instruction in the preliminary exercises. Adjutant and Inspector General Bigelow is doing very fatthful work in visiting the various commands. His object in exacting such severe drilla from the men is to ascertain the methods used in their instructions and the fitness of the officers to command.

What is known as the "driven well patent" which has been several times before the United States Supreme Court, and the United States Supreme Court, and which has always heretofore been sustained, was yesterday declared invalid in an opinion by Justice Blatchford, based upon the record in case number 17, Andrews, Green and others against George Hovey, brought here by an appeal from the United States circuit court for the southern district of lows. This court holds that the fact now made to, agrees for the first time in the lowa. This court holds that the fact now made to appear for the first time in the driven well litigation that the invention was used in public at Cortland, N. Y., by others than Green more than two years before application for patent was made, is a fact which is fatal to the patent's validity. The decree of the circuit court in favor of the alleged infringer, Hovey, is affirmed.

PERSONALITIES.

EFNATOR MITCHELL IS at the Ebbitt. JUDGE THOMAS DENT, of Chicago, is registered

REV. FATHER CHAPPELLE preached in Bahinore last Hunday. How, J. G. Cantisin and wife have returned to the city and are registered at the Riggs

SECRETARIES LANAR and Pairchild will this evening stiend the banquet of the New York Chamber of Commerce.

of the interior, has returned to the city after an absence of about two weeks at his home in MR. RUDOLPH ARONSON presented to Presi-

dent and Mrs. Cleveland yesterday porcelal's souvenirs commemorative of the 500th per-formance of "Erminic" at the Casino, New York. This popular operate will be presented for the 576th time at A baugh's this evening by the original company.